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Japanese Photographers.
All kinds of Photographs
Work done in latest styles
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Amateurs a Speciality.
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The China Mail.

ESTABLISHED 1845

THE
"OVERLAND CHINA MAIL"
PUBLISHED EVERY
MAIL DAY.
Contains the Week's News
of Hongkong and the
Far East.
Price (including Postage) to any
part of the world \$13.00
per annum.

No. 16,695.

號三十月一十年六十百九千壹

HONGKONG, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1918.

民國七年五月廿八日

PRICE, 83.00 Per Month

THORNES

OLD VAT No. 4. SCOTCH WHISKY.

SOLE AGENTS:

A. S. WATSON & Co. Ltd.
WINE & SPIRIT MERCHANTS,
HONGKONG
Tel. 216.

HONGKONG POLICE RESERVE.

Orders issued by Mr. F. G. Jenkins,
D.S.P. (R.).

ROUTE, MARCH.

Pending the completion of the issue of
Winter Uniform the Route March ordered
for Friday, Nov. 17th, is cancelled.

MOUNTED POLICE.

All Mounted Police, including Probationers, are provisionally warned that they will be required to meet at 1.30 p.m. on Saturday, Nov. 18th, for Revolver Practice. White Uniform, and Helmets will be worn.

PARADE, CENTRAL STATION.

Wednesday, Nov. 15th.—Recruits of No. 2 Platoon under Company Sergeant Major.

Thursday, Nov. 16th.—No. 2 Company under O.C. Company, Recruits of No. 4 Company under Company Sergeant Major.

Friday, Nov. 17th.—No. 3 and 4 Companies under the Sergeant Major.

WINTER UNIFORM.

Blue uniform will be worn on Patrol Duty as from this date.

All ranks requiring Winter Uniform will attend at Headquarters Club to be measured by the Tailor between the hours of 1 and 2 p.m. on Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Nov. 14th to 17th.

Equipment officers will give written orders for uniform to all men under the rank of Sergeant.

(Sd.) J. W. FRANKS,
A.S.P. (R.).

G. R.

NOTICE.

ANY EUROPEAN, Non ASIATIC or INDIAN desiring to leave the Colony should apply in person at the Central Police Station between the hours of 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 2 p.m. to 4 p.m. daily.

Applicants will be required to produce Passports or identification papers. All persons, with certain exceptions, who remain in the Colony for more than 7 days are required to register themselves under the REGISTRATION OF PERSONS ORDINANCE 1913. Forms of Registration giving the particulars required may be obtained at the G.P.O. and at all Police Stations.

The Penalty for non compliance is a fine not exceeding \$50.

PATELL & CO.

Importers-Exporters
AND
Commission Agents
HONGKONG.

Branches:—
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
YOKOHAMA, JAPAN.
BOMBAY, INDIA.

China:—
HANKOW,
SHANGHAI,
CANTON.

'CHINA MAIL'

OVERLAND EDITION.

THE BEST WEEKLY NEWS
PAPER FOR ALL INTERESTED
IN HONGKONG AND CHINA
GENERALLY.

ORDER IT BEFORE GOING
HOME, AND THEN KEEP IN
CLOSE TOUCH WITH THE
COLONY

BUSINESS NOTICES.

STEAM OR MOTOR VESSELS

8,000 Tons, 8,000 Horse Power now Built.
Steel Building Work of every Description.
Castings, Forgings, Repairs and Supplies.
Prompt Attention and Shipment to Destination.
INJECTORS AND STEAM PUMPS.
W. S. BAILEY & Co., Ltd.
ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS.
KOWLOON BAY



"THE ECONOMICAL TALCUM"

WATSON'S GIANT LAVENDER TALCUM

A powder, so pure, so soft and refreshing for the skin, and then it is so delicately perfumed with the delightful odour of SWEET LAVENDER. Send for the GIANT size

1-lb. TALCUM FOR \$1.00.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

Telephone No. 16.

CHINA AGENCY & TRADING CO.

IMPORTERS, EXPORTERS & GENERAL AGENTS.

10 Queen's Road Central.

DEALING in American Hardware, Tools, Machinery, Paint and Oil, Lamps, Window glass, Building materials, Railroad and Ships Supplies, etc., etc.

PRICES MODERATE.

Hongkong, July 23, 1916.

(Sd.)

PEAK TRAMWAYS COMPANY LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.
7.00 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 10.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
10.00 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
12.45 p.m. to 1.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.15 p.m. to 1.45 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
1.45 p.m. to 2.15 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
2.15 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS.
8.50 p.m. and 9 p.m., 9.30 p.m. to 11.00 p.m. every half hour.
11.00 p.m. to 11.45 p.m. every quarter of an hour.

SUNDAYS.
7.30 a.m. to 10.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.30 a.m. to 11.00 a.m. Every 10 minutes.
11.30 a.m. to 12 Noon Every 15 minutes.
12.00 noon to 1.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
1.00 p.m. to 5.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
5.00 p.m. to 8.00 p.m. Every 10 minutes.
8.00 p.m. to 8.10 p.m. Every 10 minutes.

NIGHT CARS as on Week Days.

SATURDAYS.

Extra Car at 12 midnight.

SPECIAL CARS by arrangement at the Company's Office, ALEXANDER, BOURNELL, Des Voeux Road Central.

Season and punch tickets available to all cars not already full running at the time stated in the Company's timetables, but not for special cars, can be obtained on application at the Company's Office.

No Season ticket will be issued until payment therefor has been made in Bank Notes or by Cheque or Composture order representing Bank Notes.

JOHN S. HUMPHREYS & SON

General Manager.

KING EDWARD HOTEL.

Central Location.

ALL ELECTRIC TRAMWAY Pass Entrance, Electric Lifts, Fans and Lighting, European Baths and Sanitary Fittings, Hot and Cold Water, System throughout.

Best of Food and Service.

Telephone 373.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "VICTORIA" J. WITCHELL, Manager.

NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE INSURANCE CO.

IN WHICH ARE VESTED THE SHARES OF THE OCEAN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, Ltd., and THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE CO.

TOTAL Funds as at 31st December, 1914, £25,970,367.

—Authorized Capital £25,000,000.
Subscribed Capital £24,500,000.
—Paid-up Capital £24,500,000.
—Fire Funds £3,837,047.
—Life & Annuity Funds £17,667,580.
Sinking Fund Account £125,230.

Revenue Fire Branch £2,381,456.
—Life and Annuity Branches £2,141,593.
Revenue Marine Department £37,233.
Other Receipts £16,940.

—Total £25,970,367.

It is a cumulative fund of the various Branches is separately invested, and, by Act of Parliament, are set aside to meet the claims under the Corporation Department of the Company's Business.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

Agents.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

TAIKOO DOCKYARD.
BUILDERS OF SHIPS & ENGINES.
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
—THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY—
—OF HONGKONG LTD.—
AGENTS:—
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.
—TELEPHONE NO. 212—

LIVER AIDS.

PODOPHYLLIN & TARAXACUM PILLS

KEEP THE LIVER ACTIVE AND THE SYSTEM FREE FROM WASTE MATTER.

Price 75 cents Per Bottle.

THE VICTORIA DISPENSARY.

32, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

THE HONGKONG ROPE MANUFACTURING Co., Ltd.

Established 1882

MANUFACTURERS OF

PURE Manila ROPE

STRAND 1" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE.
CABLE LAYED 5" to 15" CIRCUMFERENCE.
4 STRAND 3" to 10" CIRCUMFERENCE.

Oil Drilling Cables of any size up to 3,000 feet in length

7 sizes, Samples and full particulars will be forwarded on application to
Shewan, Tomes & Co., General Manager.

Hongkong, April 11, 1912.

501

THE HONGKONG HOTEL
AND
GRILL ROOM

J. H. TAGGART,
MANAGER.

PEAK HOTEL.

ADAMANTLY SITUATED AT VICTORIA GAP.

Adjoining the Tramway Terminus, 1,400 feet above Sea Level.

A FIRST-CLASS FAMILY, RESIDENTIAL AND TOURISTS HOTEL.

Telephones in all rooms. First-class Cuisine, Lounge, Smoking and Ladies' rooms, Roof Garden.

Terms: From \$4 per day. Mezz.

Telephone add: Postcard.

F. O. PRUTTER,
Manager.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LD. PORTLAND CEMENT

In Casks of 375 lbs. net.

In Bags of 250 lbs. net.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.

GENERAL MANAGER.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO & WEST RIVER STEAMERS

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

HONGKONG TO CANTON. CANTON TO HONGKONG.

MONDAY, 13th NOVEMBER.

8 A.M. 'HONAM' 8 A.M. 'KINSHAN'

10 P.M. 'KINSHAN' 5 P.M. 'FATSHAN'

TUESDAY, 14th NOVEMBER.

8 A.M. 'FATSHAN' 8 A.M. 'HONAM'

10 P.M. 'HONAM' 5 P.M. 'KINSHAN'

Single Fare by Night Steamer \$ 6.00

Return Fare by Night (available also for Return by day Steamer) 11.00

Single Fare by Day Steamer 5.00

Return Fare by Day Steamer 9.00

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. 'HUNGSHAN' Tons 2006. S.S. 'SUI TAI' Tons 1661.

HONGKONG TO MACAO.

Week days at 2 A.M. and 2 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

Sundays at 9 A.M. and 1 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M. Sundays at 7.30 A.M. and 2 P.M.

EXCURSION TO MACAO

SUNDAY, 19th NOVEMBER.

The Company's Steamship "HEUNGSHAN."

will depart from the COMPANY'S WING LOK STREET WHARF at 8 A.M.

and return from Macao at 3 P.M.

N.B.—The Company will also run a steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at 7.30 A.M. and from Hongkong at 1 P.M. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

CANTON-MACAO LINE

SERVICE SUSPENDED

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO. LTD., THE CHINA NAVIGATION CO. LTD., AND THE INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO. LTD.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. 'SAINAM' 688 Tons, and S.S. 'NANSHAN' 469 Tons.

One of the above Steamships leaves Canton for Wuchow every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at about 8 A.M., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton on the same days at 8.30 A.M. Round trips take about 5 days. Passengers can return to Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct Steamers "LINTAN" and "SANTU". These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity. Electric Fan in each Cabin.

Booking Office open daily (Sunday excepted) 9 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO. LTD.

HOTEL MANSIONS (First Floor)

Opposite the Plaza Hotel.

THE KWONG HIP LONG CO., LTD.

(NOW RECONSTRUCTED).

ENGINEERS and SHIPBUILDERS, BOILER-MAKERS, BRASS and IRON FOUNDRY. All work done in this establishment is guaranteed. We have over thirty years' experience. We own two shipways and can accommodate any craft of 200 tons long.

Town Office, 43, COSSWORTH ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG. Telephone No. 459.

Shipyards: Sham-Sai-Po, Kowloon, Hongkong. Telephone No. 9.

Estimates furnished on application.

WONG PING WA, Manager.

Hongkong, April 1, 1919.

**BOURNVILLE
COCOA**



The Cocoa
with the
most delicious
flavour.

Made by
Cadbury's
from the
finest Cocoa

INTIMATIONS

THE Loan will be closed on or before 15th November, 1916.

HONGKONG GOVERNMENT SIX PER CENT. WAR LOAN OF 1916.

ISSUE OF \$5,000,000 HONGKONG CURRENCY SIX PER CENT. BONDS to Bearer authorized by the War Loan Ordinance 1916.

The Proceeds of the Loan will be handed over to the Imperial Government as a War Contribution from the Colony of Hongkong.

The Principal and Interest of this Loan are guaranteed by the Government of Hongkong and are secured by the Revenues of the Colony.

Price of Issue—\$100 Per Cent.

Interest payable—1st May and 1st November.

First Coupon for full six months interest payable—1st May 1917.

Principal repayable at par on—1st November 1928, or, at the option of the Government of Hongkong, principal may be wholly or partially repaid at any time after fifth year by drawings of Bonds.

THE HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, Hongkong, are instructed by the Government of Hongkong to invite subscriptions for the above Loan.

The Bonds will be issued in denominations of \$100, \$500, \$1,000, \$5,000 and \$10,000, payable to Bearer with half yearly interest coupons attached payable 1st May and 1st November, at the office of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Hongkong.

The first coupon will be attached to Scrip Certificates which will be exchanged later for definitive Bonds. This loan will be free from any local taxation as regards both principal and interest.

Applications will be received by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Hongkong, from whom the necessary printed forms can be obtained. Such applications must be for \$100 or any multiple thereof and be accompanied by a deposit of 25% of the amount applied for.

Applications may be accepted in whole or in part, and in the event of partial allotment the surplus amount paid as deposit will be appropriated towards the payment of instalments due on allotment.

The Government has the right to refuse any application.

Payment will be required as follows:

25 per cent. on application.
25 " " allotment (4th Dec. 1916).
25 " " 20th December, 1916.
25 " " 17th January, 1917.

100%
In case of default in the payment of any instalment at its due date, the deposit and instalments previously paid will be liable to forfeiture.

Scrip Certificates, with coupon attached for the first half year's interest due on 1st May 1917, will be issued after payment of the instalment due on allotment, and such certificates, when fully paid, will be exchangeable for Bonds when Bonds are ready for delivery.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
Hongkong, 24th October, 1916. [1179]

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1860.
IRON STEEL, METAL AND HARD WARE MERCHANTS. Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers. Pig Iron and Foundry Coke Importers. General Storekeepers and Shipchandlers Nos. 25 and 27, Erno Loos Street, (2nd Street, west of Central Market) Telephone No. 515.
Hongkong September 4, 1915.

JAPANESE MAKERS.

Every kind of Footwear
MADE TO ORDER



CHERRY & CO.
PEDDER STREET
Opposite Hongkong Hotel
Telephone No. 491
Hongkong March 20, 1914

INTIMATIONS

SECOND 5½% RUSSIAN INTERNAL SHORT TERMED LOAN OF 1916 FOR ROUBLES 3,060,000,000

THE Subscription to the above LOAN will be opened on 14th November to 28th December, 1916.

The price of issue is 95 per cent. The Loan is entirely free of Income Tax and other taxation.

The Loan is redeemable at par on 14th October, 1926, without option for the Russian Government to convert it at an earlier date.

Coupons are payable half yearly on the 14th April and 14th October.

As interest on the above loan runs from 14th October, the interest accrued on date of subscription must be taken into consideration and is to be added to the price of issue.

The Russo-Asiatic Bank in Hongkong is ready to accept applications for the above named Loan.

Special favourable rates will be quoted for Russian Exchange.

Payment may also be made in Reubles. Applications will be wired to Petrograd free of telegraphic charges and commission.

40 per cent. only of the cost of the Bonds may be paid on application, the balance to be paid on receipt of the Bonds.

The Bank is also ready to give every facility to subscribers in the shape of advances against the scrip.

G. TISDALE,
RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK
Hongkong, Nov. 7, 1916. [1223]

WANTED.

By a British Firm, competent British STENOGRAPHER.
Apply in own handwriting with references stating salary required to—
MERCHANT,
C/o 'CHINA MAIL' Office,
Hongkong Nov. 11, 1916. [1236]

WANTED.

A SHIP'S DOCTOR.
Apply—
C/o 'CHINA MAIL' Office,
Hongkong, Nov. 7, 1916. [1234]

WANTED.

AN ASSISTANT SECRETARY for the Marine Engineers' Guild in Hongkong. An Engineer preferred.
Reply to—
17, Nanking Road, Shanghai.
Hongkong, Oct. 28, 1916. [1190]

NOTICE.

S. O. A. E. O.
THE Undersigned beg to notify that the Agency of the FAR EAST OXYGEN & ACETYLENE Co. Ltd. (Societe d'Oxygene et d'Acetylene d'Extreme Orient) will be transferred from A.B. The Swedish Trading Company in China Limited to Messrs. FLOQUET and KNOTH (1, Prince's Buildings, Telephone 2828, Works 1030) as from the 18th November, 1916.

A.B. The Swedish Trading Company in China Limited
GUNNAR LUDIN.
The Far East Oxygen and Acetylene Company Limited
F. FERNAUT,
Technical General Manager.
Hongkong, Nov. 7, 1916. [1221]

MARTIN'S

APOLISTE PILLS
A French Remedy for all Disorders of the Digestive System. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all cases of Indigestion, Flatulence, Constipation, and all other ailments of the Stomach and Bowels. It is sold in all the principal Pharmacies and Chemists.

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THE WAR.

SUNDAYS TELEGRAMS.

Router's Service to the China Mail.

CONSTANZA IN FLAMES.

FIRE RAGING FOR TWO DAYS.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 11.

The Russian Black Sea Fleet bombarded Constanza and Mangalia, causing heavy damage.

LATER.
In the two bombardments of Constanza reservoirs of petrol and naphtha were exploded and the port and fortifications near the coast were severely damaged. Batteries were silenced.

The losses of the Bulgars and Germans in the garrison must have been very heavy.

The fire was fanned by a wind and spread from the port to neighbouring parts of the town. It lasted two days. Extinction was difficult as all apparatus for fighting fires was removed when the Russo-Rumanians evacuated the town.

Enemy aeroplanes attempted to attack the fleet but were driven off. A Russian warship shot down one German aeroplane at the mouth of the Danube, the pilot and observer being taken prisoner.

G. TISDALE,
RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK
Hongkong, Nov. 7, 1916. [1223]

STRENUOUS FIGHTING ON RUMANIAN FRONT.

LONDON, Nov. 11.

The Rumanian communiqué states: There was fierce fighting in the Frabova Valley, especially on our left wing, and there was an artillery action in the Dragoslavce region.

Fighting continues in the Alt district. The situation is unchanged in the Vulean Pass, Orsova and in the Dobrudja.

SUCCESSORS AND FAILURES.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 11.

In the region of Dornavatra our artillery repelled enemy attacks.

In the Trotia Valley the Rumanians took the offensive in the direction of Predal enveloping the left enemy flank, but they were forced to retire three miles in the Busen Valley.

FIERCE FIGHTING AT SKROBOFF.

TEMPORARY ENEMY SUCCESS.

RUSSIANS REPEL SEVEN ENEMY ATTACKS.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 11.

An official communiqué states: After repelling seven onslaughts we fell back to our second line of trenches in the region of Skroboff. The enemy used liquid fire. We abandoned the heights occupied the previous day.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 10.
A Russian communiqué asserts that the Russian lines near Skroboff on the Eastern Front were stormed and that 3,429 were made prisoner.

SUCCESSFUL COUNTER-ATTACK AT SKROBOFF.

LONDON, Nov. 11.

A Russian communiqué states: We occupied two villages on the Danube front and advanced southward in Dobrudja.

By means of a sudden counter-attack, we recaptured a section of the trenches at Skroboff.

The enemy fiercely attacked east of Namajuka against the ridge and heights, but was everywhere repulsed until the afternoon, when he succeeded in pushing back portions of one of our regiments. The enemy, however, was again driven out in the evening.

Enemy offensives in the wooded Carpathians south of Dornavatra were repelled.

A Rumanian official announcement states:

Enemy artillery was very active on the Danube. A slight attempt at landing at the mouth was repulsed. The situation in Dobrudja is unchanged.

JUST TWO TO-NIGHT

are all you need of Pinkettes to dispel constipation, "liverishness," sick headaches, biliousness.

the little just-like-nature laxative, stimulate digestion, purify the blood. Of all chemists and post-free, 60 cents the pink from Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., 90 Beach Road, Shanghai.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

PHOTO: \$1.25 and \$2.25

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PHOTO: \$1.25 and \$2.25

We reported three enemy attacks in the Mithras Valley in Slavia. The enemy repeatedly and violently bombarded in the Pambora Valley, and were bloody repulsed.

We captured a trench in the region of Dragoslavce. There has been violent fighting on the left of the Alt.

We advanced northward and captured Mount Frutale. The enemy's attack on the right of the Alt has been arrested.

FIGHT FOR A BRIDGE.

LONDON, Nov. 10.

A Russian communiqué announces that the Rumanian Cavalry and infantry two miles west of Cernavoda are fighting for the famous bridge across the Danube.

BULGAR ATTACKS ON SERBIANS FAIL.

PARIS, Nov. 11.

Fresh Bulgar attacks against the Serbians failed. Bad weather continues. British aeroplanes bombed the Forna and Puljevo stations.

THE SITUATION IN GREECE.

THE VENEZELIST ARMY.

READY TO START.

LONDON, Nov. 11.

A Salonika telegram states that the Venezelist Army is ready to start for the front.

GREEK PROTEST.

ATHENS, Nov. 10.

The Greek Government has protested to the Entente against the use of the flotilla.

GERMANY RESENTS GREEK OBJECTION OF MATERIAL.

LONDON, Nov. 11.

The Morning Post correspondent at Athens reports that the German Minister has informed the Foreign Minister that Germany will consider the cessation of war material to the Allies for the use of the Nationalist Army as a casus belli. It is understood that the Allied Note to the Greek Government demands the departure of the Austro-German Legation.

GERMAN PRAISE FOR RUMANIANS.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 10.

In the Cologne Gazette General Ays pays a tribute to the Rumanian resistance and audacity. He instances the bold enveloping march of the Rumanians and their attacking an advancing column in the rear, simultaneously attempting to cut off its reserves.

RUSSIA'S DETERMINATION.

INTERVIEW WITH GENERAL BRUSILOFF.

LONDON, Nov. 10.

General Brusiloff, interviewed, has stated that the summer operations mark a definite period, the defeat of the enemy during the Allied co-ordination of their programmes. The enemy's superhuman efforts had failed to regain the initiative on the Russian south-western front. The campaign in France demonstrated the Anglo-French ability to destroy any German defence. The zenith of the Russian power will only be reached next year, when Russia will have the largest and the best army since the beginning of the war. "We are still inferior in material and heavy guns this year," said the General. "Rumanian's temporary reverses had not the slightest significance in view of the German failure to pierce the Carpathians. Russia, from the Car to the common soldier, was unanimous in her determination that Rumania must be supported as much as possible."

LOSING WEIGHT BY THE POUND

"Under-Weight" is a condition of ill-health, shows your assimilative powers are decreasing.

WATERBURY'S METABOLIZED COD LIVER OIL COMPOUND.

Supplies the blood with the wanted nourishing and healthy flesh building materials. Very palatable.

OF ALL CHEMISTS

PHOTO: \$1.25 and \$2.25

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PHOTO: \$1.25 and \$2.25

INTIMATIONS



"CAPSTAN" MIXTURE

"THE SKIPPER'S FAVORITE"

W. D. & H. O. WILLS.

BRISTOL and LONDON.

G. FALCONER & CO., LTD.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Hotel Mansions.

ADMIRALTY CHARTS

ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,

KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,

BENSON'S ENGLISH WATCHES,

ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers.

High Class English Jewellery.

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"STAR & GARTER" FUND

A. D. C. PERFORMANCE

MID-DECEMBER.

JOHN OAKLEY & SONS

EMERY GLASS BLACK CLOTH PAPER LEAD

WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

JOHN OAKLEY & SONS, LIMITED, "Wellington Mills," LONDON.

SILIMPOPON (SEBATTIK) COAL

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the COWIE HARBOR COAL CO., LTD., are prepared to quote prices for best quality SILIMPOPON COAL (shipped into Bankers at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN (British North Borneo).

SILIMPOPON COAL compares favourably with the better grades of Japanese Coal and gives good results on a very moderate consumption.

Steamers calling at SEBATTIK or SANDAKAN exclusively for SILIMPOPON COAL (either cargo or bunkers) are exempt from payment of all Port charges.

At Sebatik Steamers are berthed alongside the Company's wharf where there is a minimum depth of 27 to 29 feet at low water spring tides.

Charges of Sebatik Bay (Sebatik Harbour), Free and all other information concerning the Port can be had on application to the Agents.

BRADLEY & CO., LTD.
Agents, Cebu, Manila, Cebu, Company, Limited.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, THERAPION No. 1

THERAPION No. 2



Hughes & Hough

AUCTIONEERS TO THE GOVERNMENT.

General Auctioneers
Hare, Coal and General Produce
Brokers and Commission
Agents.

PROPRIETORS
"To-Kwa-Wan" Coal Storage.

Codes used
Bentley's
A. A. C. 4th & 5th Editions.
A 1 Telegraphic Code.

Telegraphic Address
"MISSION" HONGKONG.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCEALED),

TUESDAY,

the 14th November, 1916, commencing at 2.30 p.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of

Ice House Street,
VALUABLE TEAKWOOD AND
BLACKWOOD FURNITURE,
etc., etc.

As follows:—
One Suite Blackwood Furniture, Upholstered Suites, Arm-chairs and Sofas, Card Tables, Bedroom Furniture, comprising Double Brass-mounted Bedstead, Twin Bedsteads (Teakwood), Sideboards, Dining Waggons, Extension Dining Tables and Chairs, Tea and Occasional Tables, etc., etc., Dinner Services, Crockery, Glass Ware, Cooking Stoves, Cutlery, Toilet Sets, etc., Bath Room Utensils, Large Roll-top Decks and Writing Table, etc., a quantity of Electric Fluted Ware.

1 Piano, in good condition, Electric Reading Lamps, Blackwood and Teakwood Screens, a quantity of Blackwood Furniture, Pictures, Engravings, etc.

Also
Stereoscopic Camera, Oliver Typewriter, One Iron Safe.
A selection of Brass Jardinieres, Vases, Finger Bowls, etc.
And a number of Carpets (new and second hand).

(Full Particulars from Catalogue.)
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Nov. 8, 1916. 1237

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the Liquidators of Messrs. WITKINS & Co. to sell by Public Auction,

Commencing
WEDNESDAY,
the 15th November, 1916, at 10.30 a.m., and continuing on MONDAY, 20th inst., at 10.30 a.m., at No. 1, Ormsby Terrace, Granville Road, Kowloon.

A QUANTITY OF
HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, etc.,
including BLACKWOOD WARE,
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,
and
One PIANO.

Catalogues will be issued.
On view from Tuesday 14th inst.
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Nov. 3, 1916. 1213

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCEALED),

on
THURSDAY,
the 16th November, 1916, at 2.30 p.m., at No. 49A, Nathan Road, (First Floor),

THE WHOLE OF THE
VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD
FURNITURE,
etc., etc.

Containing therein:
Dinner Wagon, Extension Dining Table and Chairs, Chest-of-drawers and Arm-chairs, BLACKWOOD Carved Folding Card Table, Cane Cabinet, Flower Stand and Cane Chair, Dining Service (White), Glassware and Crockery, Bedchamber and Water Colours, etc., etc., BEDROOM FURNITURE, FUMED TEAK, Large Wardrobe, (Bevelled Mirror), Teakwood Twin Beds, Dressing Table, Toilet Wagon, etc., etc.

Also
Cooking Stove and Cooking Utensils.
N.B.—Chesterfield Sofa, Arm-chairs and Twin Beds, now by Messrs. Allen Powell & Co., Ltd.

On view from Wednesday, 15th inst. (First Floor).
Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Nov. 10, 1916. 1215

AUCTIONS.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, on

SATURDAY,

the 18th November, 1916, at 11 a.m., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, Corner of

Ice House Street,
ONE MOTOR BICYCLE
4 H.P. Wolf, J.A.P. Engine,
with all accessories.

Has been in use for about One Year, in good running order.
Further particulars and inspecting orders may be had from the undersigned.
Terms:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Nov. 10, 1916. 1234

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCEALED),

MONDAY,

the 20th November, 1916, at 2.30 p.m., at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's Coal Godowns at To Kwa Wan.

THE FIRST AUCTION OF
SALVAGED CARGO
ex. S.S. "WISLEY"

Comprising:—
About Six Hundred kegs of Wire Nails.
About Fifty Sewing Machines, and a number of cases of spare parts.

About One Hundred Remington Typewriters "with Russian characters," and cases of Ribbons for same.

About Seven hundred rolls of Roofing Felt.

About Twenty large rolls of Linoleum.

About Forty-five Cotton Braiding Machines.

A quantity of Sole Leather, sundry spare parts for Motor Cars, etc., etc., and several lots of Fliers, Spanners, Leather Pouches, and Old Iron.

Dates and particulars of further auctions will be notified later.

Launch to convey intending purchasers will leave Black Pier at 2 p.m. sharp on Monday the 20th inst.

Terms:—Cash.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Nov. 13, 1916. 1219

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by Public Auction, (FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCEALED),

on
AN EARLY DATE.
The following LIGHTHOUSE GEAR
etc., etc., viz:—
One coupling apparatus, complete.
Circular Wick Lamp.
Spare burners.
Cylinders and wicks.
Incandescent Petrol Lamps, and
appurtenances.

And
quantity of gear pertaining to
Mooring Buoy.

Also
A number of Locomotive wheels and
Axles.

Further particulars may be obtained from the undersigned.

Terms:—As usual.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Aug. 24, 1916. 864

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

AS A GOING CONCERN.

A FIRST CLASS PRIVATE HOTEL
containing:
9 Bed Rooms.
2 Bath Rooms.
Halls, Lounges, Reception Room,
Private Dining Room, Self contained
suites of apartments with Bath Rooms
attached. Dining Room, with accom-
modation for 100 persons. Store Room,
Library, Bar and Billiard Room, etc., etc.
Hot and cold water laid on throughout.
Approximate value of Furniture, etc.
about \$30,000.

A large stock of extra Linen and
Crockery all new and high class recently
imported from England.

Electric light throughout.
The Hotel is centrally located being
only a few minutes from the leading
Banks, Post Office, Ferry, etc.

To be sold as a going concern with
goodwill, fixtures, etc., etc.

Further particulars may be obtained
from the Undersigned.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Oct. 19, 1916. 11061

FOR SALE.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell
(FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCEALED)

One Two-Seater
TRUMBULL MOTOR CAR,
recently overhauled and in good
running order.

Full particulars may be obtained from
the undersigned.

HUGHES & HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, Nov. 10, 1916. 1235

THE WAR.

(Continued from page 2.)

SUNDAY'S TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

THE WESTERN FRONT.

WHAT THE BRITISH ARMY IS DOING.

LONDON, Nov. 11.

A French communiqué states that the enemy on the British front profited by the bad weather to repair losses and to consolidate their positions. They are now displaying great activity and have concentrated at various points much artillery, fearing a British attack. These fears are heightened by the impossibility of aeroplane reconnaissance, as the British with machine guns cross the line in the proportion of 40 to 1, despite the increase in the enemy squadrons.

The enemy has not been left in peace since July, and he knows that the storm is about to burst more violently than ever.

It would be a mistake to think that the British are only active in Picardy. The British forces on the Continent are now numerous enough to threaten the enemy in several places simultaneously. The British artillery along the whole line is constantly bombarding, causing heavy losses and maintaining the demoralisation of the enemy. This is the best proof of its favourable position.

BRITISH OPERATIONS.

LONDON, Nov. 10.

General Sir Douglas Haig, in a communiqué, states:—There was artillery activity on both banks of the Ancre, the enemy using gas shells.

We silenced their trench-mortars north-east of Festubert.

LONDON, Nov. 11.

A later communiqué states:—There is no change on the battle front.

There was great aerial activity on Thursday, owing to the improved weather conditions. Many raids were carried out on communications, billets, and stores. The air-fighting has been continuous. Thirty of our machines engaged in battle with thirty of the enemy's machines, the latter being dispersed. Six enemy machines fell owing to their becoming uncontrollable, and nine others were driven down damaged, three of them being destroyed. A hostile kite-balloon was driven down in flames. Seven of our machines are missing.

TRENCH CAPTURED.

LONDON, Nov. 11.

Last night a portion of the Regina Trench, being a continuation of the trench captured on the 21st October, was captured and secured on a thousand yards front, despite a barrage.

We captured some prisoners.

FRENCH ACTIVITIES.

PARIS, Nov. 10.

A communiqué states:—There was an intermittent cannonade and some skirmishes.

In 77 air-fights three enemy aeroplanes were brought down, and seven came down in our lines.

Our air squadrons bombed enemy communications and concentrations, especially the railway stations at Lens, Valenciennes, Comblanchien, and the blast furnaces at Thionville, the aerodrome at Dieuze, and the airship sheds at Frezenoy.

THE SOMME REGION.

PARIS, Nov. 11.

A communiqué states:—North of the Somme we captured several elements of the enemy trenches north-east of Les Boeufs and Sailly.

A German counter-attack in the

latter region was easily repulsed, and we captured prisoners.

South of the Somme, the bombardment was continued intermittently. It was violent in the Frassoire and Abbaucourt sectors.

ON THE MEUSE.

On the right of the Meuse there was great reciprocal artillery firing everywhere between the Haudromont, quarries and Dambloup. Quiet prevailed elsewhere.

SANGUINARY FIGHTING.

PARIS, Nov. 11.

A French communiqué says:—There has been violent artillery duels north of the Somme. The enemy using "dammerwacker" attacked in the vicinity of Denacourt. They were forced back with the bloodiest losses.

SUCCESSFUL AERIAL WORK.

Lieut. Guy Nemer brought down his 20th and 21st machines. Three others were also brought down.

We dropped two tons of bombs on enemy positions on the Somme.

FRENCH AEROPLANE DROPS BOMBS ACROSS THE RHINE.

A French aeroplane flew over the Rhine and bombed and severely damaged the Station at Ofenbrug.

GERMAN CLAIMS.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 10.

A German official communiqué makes a claim of the activity of the German air-men on the Somme during the day-time and on moonlit nights. It claims they shot down seventeen aeroplanes.

The communiqué states that strong French attacks at Sailly were partly repulsed by hand-to-hand fighting.

GERMANY'S ENORMOUS LOSSES.

LONDON, Nov. 10.

The German casualties officially reported during the month of October total 199,875, of whom 22,544 were killed. This makes the total during the year 3,755,693, of whom 855,817 were killed.

GERMAN PRESS-GANGS IN BELGIUM.

BLOODSHED IN BRUSSELS.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 10.

Messages from Maastricht report that it is persistently rumoured that there were scenes of bloodshed in Brussels when the Germans decided to enforce labour. When the first group was assembled at the railway station an insignificant incident led to a veritable revolt. In the ensuing melee thirty Germans were either killed or seriously wounded, and there were numerous Belgian casualties. Nobody is at present allowed to leave or enter Brussels.

21,000 ANTWERP CITIZENS DEPORTED.

VIOLENT SCENES AT MONS.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 11.

The Tyd states that 21,000 Antwerp citizens have been deported to Germany. Friends of the deportees were forbidden to bid them farewell, those seeking to enter the station being liable to a fine of £300, or to undergo six years' imprisonment.

The Tyd reports that there were violent scenes at Mons, the deportees attacking the Germans with knives, many of the latter being wounded. The troops charged with the bayonet. Many of the requisitioned men are to be employed on railway construction on the western front. The Germans are strongly guarding the frontier to prevent escapes to Holland.

GERMANY & AN INTERNATIONAL PEACE UNION.

"GERMANY'S UNCONQUERABLE WILL TO LIVE."

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 10.

In the Reichstag Committee, Dr von Bethmann-Hollweg, replying to a recent speech by Viscount Grey, reiterated the German claim that the war which made the war inevitable was the Russian mobilisation. England knew of this step, which made further waiting impossible for Germany. Dr Bethmann-Hollweg said that Russia would never have decided on mobilisation unless she had been encouraged by England.

Referring to the projected establishment of an International League to protect peace after the war, the Chancellor said the aim of the world for agreements to prevent a repetition of the catastrophe would be so strong that it must lead to the result that Germany will honourably co-operate in seeking a practical solution, but the principle of self-development must prevail on us as well as on the opponent. Moreover, the plans of the League to divide Asia Minor and give Russia Constantinople and the Dardanelles with a European hinterland, and give France Alsace-Lorraine, must be considered before an International Peace Union is formed.

He reiterated that Germany is making a statement of war against the policy of isolation. There was a limit to Germany's strength, but whatever Germany's strength, it was not to be used in full before Germany's unconquerable will to live.

THE SINKING OF THE "ARABIA."

NARRATIVE BY A PASSENGER.

Cairo, Nov. 10.

The Arabia was torpedoed at 11.07 in the forenoon on Monday. The torpedo struck the vessel on the starboard side aft. There was no panic, and the passengers and the crew immediately took to the boats. The Arabia sank in an hour and a half, going down stern first. The City of Marseilles and another steamer and three trawlers picked up the survivors after they had been in the boats an hour. Fine weather prevailed.

Two submarines were seen by the Arabia, which fired on one after being struck by the torpedo. The City of Marseilles arrived at Port Said, having on board 90 passengers and 69 of the crew.

THE SINKING OF THE MARINA.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.

Germany has informed the United States that the sinking of the Marina on the 28th October would be investigated when the submarines then operating had reported.

THE OCCUPIED TERRITORIES.

AGREEMENTS REGARDING REPATRIATION.

PARIS, Nov. 11.

A Franco-Swiss-Spanish-German agreement has been reached regarding the repatriation of numerous inhabitants in occupied territories.

CANTEN CONTRACT SYSTEM.

LONDON, Nov. 10.

The contract system in the regimental canteens in the United Kingdom, Egypt, Malta, Gibraltar, Bermuda, and in other stations abroad is to be abolished. It will be replaced by an official organisation of regimental canteens. It is proposed to secure the plant and stock of the canteens valued at 25,000,000.

AUSTRALIAN NATIONAL PARTY.

SYDNEY, Nov. 10.

In the Legislative Assembly, Mr. Wicks announced favouring the formation of a National Party was carried by 50 votes to 21.

THE SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, Nov. 10.

Messrs. Montagu & Co.'s report states that the market has developed considerably in strength in consequence of firm exchanges from China, where the exportation is in full swing. The effect of the Chinese purchases is most marked, the prices being somewhat sensational. The Indian market, also, continued to improve, while the copper demand continues active.

THE U.S.A. PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

UNOFFICIAL FIGURES SHOW WILSON ELECTED.

THE GERMAN SUPPORT EVENLY DIVIDED.

LONDON, Nov. 10.

The Daily News correspondent at New York estimates the final result of the Presidential election to be Dr. Wilson, 269, and Mr. Hughes 262 votes, but the result may easily be reversed. The German vote was evenly divided. Mr. Hughes lost the German cities of Milwaukee and St. Louis, but secured thousands of German votes in New York. The Liquor Prohibitionists have done well, securing five new "dry" States.

The Times correspondent at New York reports that the Republicans are dashed by the turn of events in view of the Republican majorities in the East. The fact is that the turnover in the West for Dr. Wilson is sensational. This was not due to the Women's or the Labour vote, but to the "Peace and Prosperity" cry of the Democrats and the distrust of the financial interests. The betting in Wall Street is now 10 to 6 in favour of Dr. Wilson.

UNOFFICIAL FINAL FIGURES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.

Dr. Woodrow Wilson apparently wins by California's 13 votes.

The final unofficial figures are:—
Dr. Wilson 272
Mr. Hughes 259

It is regarded as improbable that the Republicans will contest the validity of the election, despite their threats.

The Democratic and Republican organs proclaim the result to be a personal triumph for Dr. Wilson.

Mr. Hughes' managers still refuse to concede Dr. Wilson's reelection, insisting that possible mistakes in tabulating may change the results in the States where the voting has been close, when officially revised.

Mr. Hughes has not sent the customary message of congratulation from the defeated candidate to the President.

Some of the newspapers suggest that the Women's vote in Idaho, Washington, Montana, Wyoming, Colorado, Arizona, Kansas, Nevada and California, which Dr. Wilson carried, was an undoubted factor. Women also voted in Illinois and Oregon, which Dr. Wilson lost. The Democratic newspapers allege that the German vote was cast for Mr. Hughes, and they claim the election of Dr. Wilson as a repudiation of hyphenism. Fourteen out of seventeen New York Congressmen blacklisted by the Germans were elected.

NO AUSTRALIAN SOLDIERS ABOARD.

MELBOURNE, Nov. 10.

Mr. Pearce, the Defence Minister, states that no Australian soldiers were aboard the Arabia.

THE BRITISH NAVAL AIR-RAID.

LONDON, Nov. 11.

The Admiralty announces that Lieut. Hodge, who participated in the raid on Zebrugga, was taken prisoner.

All the others returned.

THE GERMAN WAR ON MERCHANT SHIPPING.

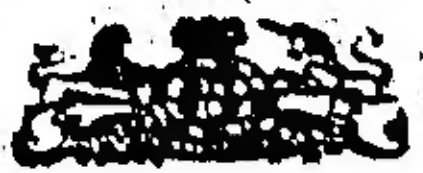
DUTCH MAILBOAT SEIZED.

FLUSHING, Nov. 11.

The Koninklijke Regende has been held up near the Noordhinder Lightship.

The vessel carried 83 passengers, including 16 children, and 19 British subjects, eight of whom came from the Rullsbek Camp.

The mailboat Koninklijke Regende, which left this morning, has been taken to Zebrugga.



"CHINA BY LAND AND WATER."

An Album which portrays the Chinese as they are in every-day life, and exhibits charming pictorial sketches of a wonderful and fascinating old-world Country.

"SEND ONE HOME."

30 Pictures 7" x 5"

Price \$5.00.

Packed in neat cardboard box ready for posting.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,

HONGKONG DISPENSARY.

To-day's Advertisements

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, MONDAY, NOV. 13, 1916.



NOTICE.

CITY AND HILL DISTRICT
WATER WORKS

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that, as the endeavours hitherto made have not been successful in effecting the necessary reduction in the consumption of water, the Supply of Water by Means of House Service to Houses connected with the Rider Main will be discontinued from TO-MORROW (TUESDAY) evening at 8 p.m.

A supply of water will be given by Street Fountains in the Rider Main Districts.

W. CHATAM.

Water Authority.

Public Works Office,
Hongkong, Nov. 13, 1916.

"BLUE FUNNEL" LINE.

NEW YORK SERVICE.

THE Steamship
"EURYMEDON"
Is Berthed to Load
For BOSTON AND NEW YORK.
Sailing about 9th December.
For Rates of Freight apply to—
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,
Agents.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
CHINA MUTUAL N.V. CO., LTD.
Hongkong, Nov. 13, 1916.

(Continued on page 3.)

THE DIARY.

MEMO. FOR TO-MORROW.
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Furniture,
Blackwood, Carpets etc. at Messrs.
Hughes and Hough's.

General Memoranda.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 15.—
10.30 a.m.—Auction of Household
Furniture, Crockery and Glassware
at No. 1, Ormsby Terrace, Granville
Road, Kowloon.

THURSDAY, Nov. 16.—
2.30 p.m.—Auction of Furniture, Black-
wood, Cooking Stove and Utensils
etc. at Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.

SATURDAY, Nov. 18.—
11 a.m.—Auction of a Motor Bicycle at
Messrs. Hughes and Hough's.
2 p.m.—Annual Demonstration of the
H.K. Sunday School Union in City
Hall.

Cricket Match on H.K.C.C. ground—
Volunteers v. Reserve.
Smoking Concert at Y.R.C.

SUNDAY, Nov. 19.—
Birthday of Pope Benedict XV. (1854).
9 a.m.—Excursion to Macao by s.s.
"Heungshan".

MONDAY, Nov. 20.—
November Criminal Sessions commence.
10.30 a.m.—Auction of Household
Furniture, Crockery and Glassware
at No. 1, Ormsby Terrace, Granville
Road, Kowloon.

2.30 p.m.—Auction of cargo salvaged
s.s. "Wiseley" at Messrs. Hughes
and Hough's Godowns.

TUESDAY, Nov. 21.—
Queen of Norway's Birthday (1869)
(Princess Maud Charlotte).

THURSDAY, Nov. 23.—
Hongkong Stock Exchange Settlement
Day.

THURSDAY, Nov. 30.—
St. Andrew's Day.
Thanksgiving Day in U.S.A.
Scottish Concert in Theatre Royal, City
Hall.

VISITING CARDS.

PRINTED AT

"China Mail" Office.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

A store at Wanchai was broken into during the week-end and iron and other metal valued at \$1,000 was stolen.

Mails dispatched from London via Siberia for Hongkong on the 5th, 7th, 8th, 9th, 10th, 11th and 13th ultimo were received here per s.s. *Luchow*, on the 11th instant.

There will be a small Sale of Work (left over from the Peak Branch Stall M.C.L. Bazaar) at Mrs. Churchill's house, 43, Peak, on Tuesday, the 14th inst., from 10.30 a.m. onwards all day. All the articles will be sold for half price, and there will be a "lucky dip." It is hoped that many will come and buy.

THE MAGISTRACY.

ANTIQUATED PRISON REGULATIONS.

SMUGGLING OPIUM INTO GAOL IS NO OFFENCE.

A charge of smuggling opium into Victoria prison, an offence which was found afterwards not to be in the prison regulations, was preferred against a Chinese in Mr. Wood's Court this morning. A woman was also summoned for aiding and abetting.

Inspector Davis said that on Sunday, the man went to the gaol with a tin of food in which the opium was found concealed. The man put the tin inside the gate and watched the warden search it. Opium was found mixed up in the edibles. The Inspector said the man was not the real culprit. Opium had been found before at the gaol.

Mr. Leo D'Almeida who appeared to defend, pleaded guilty on behalf of the man. As regards the woman he said her husband was charged with the unlawful possession of a silver watch and had been detained two on three days awaiting trial. He was an opium smoker and she thought that by including some opium in the food she would satisfy his craving. She did not know it was against regulations.

A principal warden said the C.S.P. had decided to withdraw the charge as opium was not mentioned in the regulations.

Mr. D'Almeida said he had been looking at the regulations and found they mentioned tobacco and spirituous liquors only. Opium was mentioned in the Ordinance but not in the Prison regulations which stated in addition to what he had said already that the food should be subject to such requirements as would prevent any luxury or waste.

The warden handed up a copy of the Prison regulations which he stated belonged to Mr. A. Frank, Assistant Superintendent of the Gaol.

The Magistrate said he could see no mention of opium and said at once there was no offence. There could also be no conviction for aiding and abetting. "No doubt the authorities will put these regulations in order. Mr. Frank's copy is entirely out of date," added his Worship.

DISHONEST FOKI.

A Chinese foki, employed at Sincere's, by means of a chop stamp which he secured in Sincere's new premises, went to the old shop and ordered a roll of silk valued \$30. The silk was afterwards misused. Defendant was arrested and this morning sent to three months hard labour.

MISSING JUNK.

Losing his junk which was moored at Kong Pin near Nam To, a Chinese junkman secured the neighbourhood to find its whereabouts. He dispatched Joka to Macao and Canton and came himself to Hongkong. The junk, he identified in Yau-mai refuge. A man on board was arrested and this morning remanded in Police custody in order that a search could be made for others concerned.

THE RAUB OUTFIT.

Messrs. Moxon and Taylor inform us that they are in receipt of a cable from their agents in Singapore giving the Raub Outfit for the past 4 weeks as follows:

Old Gold 715 tons ore
Bukit Koman 715 from 4,940
Malacca 188 4,012
903 8,952

MINISTERING CHILDREN'S LEAGUE.

FETE AND BAZAAR AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

OVER \$8,000 FOR CHILDREN OF EMPIRE FUND.

The cold nip of the last few days gave way to a warm Autumn sun on Saturday and thus the outdoor Fete and Bazaar organised by the Ministering Children's League in the grounds at Government House for local charities and the Children of Empire Fund for disabled soldiers and sailors attracted a large attendance. The delicate decorations set in natural beauty gave the function a picturesque appearance; numerous stall holders and willing assistants fitted here and there doing a great business in securing funds for the objects for which the function was organised. The stalls were laid out with skill and the many serviceable articles for sale attracted much attention. Embroidered needlework and useful ornaments were displayed to advantage and other articles included painted work on silk lines and cords, Houpla, the Tulip Stall, and the Lucky Well were all freely patronised. Money particularly by the juveniles. Lady May rendered graceful service as the head organiser, and visitors found her ladyship always eager to assist them in their purchases. H.E. the Officer Administering the Government, Mr. Claud Severn, was an able second and worked assiduously towards ensuring the success of the venture. His Excellency acted as the auctioneer in a sale of pictures which brought in quite a large revenue. Some of the pictures were burlesques, and Ye Peako Tiger realised the handsome sum of \$35.

The "side-shows" consisted of an entertainment by "The Swanks" who were again well supported, and a programme by the members of the League was given in the Ball Room on Friday night, which was as entertaining as it was artistically arranged.

We are informed that the amount realised already reaches \$8,100 and there are some more funds to come in. The full financial result will be published as soon as it is ascertained.

The names of the stall holders were as under:

PEAK STALL.—Mrs. Churchill and Mrs. Carmichael, assisted by the Misses Holyoak, V. Ho Tung, Annie Miller, Barbara James, Hilda Butterfield, Eileen Gold and Annie Halliday.

KOVOTSKY STALL.—Mrs. Eiken, assisted by Mrs. Gill, Mrs. Green, Mrs. Mackie, Mrs. Quarles, and Miss Stone.

VICTORIA STALL.—Mrs. Piercy, assisted by Mrs. McLean Gibson, Mrs. Harris Walker, Mrs. Hazelard, Mrs. Doss, Mrs. Bridger, Mrs. Young, Mrs. Warren, Mrs. Dooly, Mrs. Robertson, Mrs. Nield, Mrs. Bennett, and Miss Wallace.

POLICE STALL.—Mrs. Messer and Mrs. King, assisted by children of the members of the force.

MILITARY STALL.—Mrs. Bourghier, Mrs. Copp, Hunt, Mrs. Hammond, Mrs. Reynolds, Mrs. Robertson, Mrs. Nield, Mrs. Black, Mrs. Stewart, and Mrs. Robertson.

SWEET STALL.—The Misses May, Miss Leach, Miss Steadman, and Miss Angel Ormiston.

NAVY STALL.—Mrs. Moxon Brown, Mrs. Platt, Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Anderson, Mrs. Anderson, Mrs. Gibson, Mrs. Loke, and Miss Cress.

TOY STALL.—Mrs. Bowley, assisted by Mrs. A. and Mrs. Arthur.

ST. PETER'S GIRLS' SCHOOL STALL.—Miss Griffin, assisted by the staff and scholars.

JEZUIST SCHOOL STALL.—Mrs. Tatchell, assisted by Miss Henderson, Miss Clarke and assistant teachers.

DIOCESAN GIRLS' SCHOOL STALL.—Miss Ferguson, assisted by Miss Allen, Miss Poon, Leung, and Miss Chon Lip Chee.

PAY OFF STALL.—The Misses Woo and Mrs. Hall.

TULIP GARDENS.—Miss Dione May and Mrs. Gedde.

VARIETY STALL.—Mr. Edwards.

HOPEFUL STALL.—Mrs. Milner Jones and Miss Robertson, assisted by military officers.

LUCKY WELL.—Miss Morris, Miss Hazelard, Miss Judith, Master Garrod and Master Duncan.

REPRESENTATIVE ENGLAND.—Mrs. Steadman and Mrs. Chatham assisted by Mrs. Parr and Miss Innes, (at the entrance gate), Mrs. Carter, Mrs. Ram, Mrs. Wakeman, Mrs. Dodwell, Mrs. Butler, Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Denison, Mrs. Hay, Mrs. Manning, Mrs. Harvey, Mrs. Schellin, Mrs. Thynard, Mrs. McGregory, Mrs. and the Denison, Miss Green, Mrs. Jordan, Mrs. Potter, Mrs. Halliday, Mrs. Mansfield, Mrs. Marriott, Miss Turner, Mrs. Dyer, Mrs. Nield, and Mrs. Hodgson.

We are asked to mention that the Variety Stall yielded results as follows: Picture No. 1, Ho Kwong; 2nd, Picture No. 2, Ho Kwong; 3rd, Picture No. 3, Ho Kwong; 4th, Picture No. 4, Ho Kwong; 5th, Picture No. 5, Ho Kwong; 6th, Picture No. 6, Ho Kwong; 7th, Picture No. 7, Ho Kwong; 8th, Picture No. 8, Ho Kwong; 9th, Picture No. 9, Ho Kwong; 10th, Picture No. 10, Ho Kwong.

IN THE FIRING LINE.

FORMER POLICEMAN DESCRIBES SHRAPNEL IN FRANCE.

P. C. Lane, formerly of the Hongkong Police and now with the Irish Guards at the front, and who is stated to have won the D.C.M., has written an interesting letter to Detective Shannon at the Central Police Station. "I have been in France about two months and so far like it well enough," he says. "I have never met any of your old regiment, and I expect they are serving abroad. After we arrived we were kept about two weeks in the Base Camp on the coast. Of course it is a very large camp and drafts for almost every regiment in France are kept there. There is a very fine training camp to it and every morning we had to march up a very big hill and stayed most of the day on the top. It was there that we got a bit of real training and we learned more there in one week from the men who had been in the actual fighting than we did in the whole of our time at the depot and the reserve battalion. They even ran us through a dug-out full of poison gas and gave us 'a dart of the tear stuff' to let us see what it was like. I met Hourihan there and he was just transferring to the anti-aircraft crowd. We were next sent to an trenching battalion. It was about thirty miles from the front. The travelling was good enough and on the whole we had a good time in the new camp of 200 men. We had a lot of work in a railway yard collecting all kinds of war material and also worked with the R.E.s on roads, water-tanks, etc. The camp was under shell fire and had several narrow shaves; some units near us lost men and horses. We were out one day when the place was shelled. The sergeant-major and a man ran for the dug-out when the first shell came and they arrived in time for the second. I believe both went to England on the strength of their acquaintance with it. These were our only losses. We were rushed to the battalion very suddenly. They had just come out of action and had lost very heavily. 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THE WAR.

LATEST TELEGRAMS.

(Reuter's Service to the China Mail.)

GOOD PROGRESS BY
RUSSIANS AND
RUMANIANS.RAPID RUSSIAN ADVANCE IN
DOBRUDJA.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 12.

The Russians are attacking the bridgehead at Czernavoda from the left and western end of the Danube village of Dunaren and they occupied opposite Czernavoda about a mile from the river on the Bukharest railway.

It is believed that only a small enemy force crossed the Danube, but it is not known whether the bridge was destroyed or a passage effected by boats.

The Russian concentration and advance on the Rumanian front has been most rapid and the occupation of Hissava on the right bank and between fifteen and twenty miles of country eastwards thereof, shows that they have progressed 14 miles in the last few days and are now about twenty-five miles from Czernavoda.

LONDON, Nov. 12.

A Rumanian communiqué states: In the Trotus Valley we attacked and occupied Mounts Alunis and Protoselo.

In the Uzul Valley we repulsed eight attacks in the direction of Cernice summit and afterwards took the offensive along the whole front from Vranica to Slania, and occupied the summits of Mounts Luncu and Vranica.

In Buzan Valley we repulsed an enemy attack.

On the right bank of the Alt Valley we continue to progress.

The enemy on the right bank attacked violently.

In the Jini Valley a violent enemy attack compelled our troops to retire slightly southward.

In the Polubidja we advanced as far as Topolo.

On the Iman-Cismo-Chinasup front we took 100 prisoners.

LATEST NEWS.

LONDON, Nov. 13.

A Rumanian communiqué announces successes on the Northern front. The Rumanians assumed the offensive on the Moldavia front and also advanced in the Dobruja to the line Topol-Cismo-Granau, capturing a hundred prisoners.

NOTABLE SERBIAN
SUCCESS.4,000 MORE PRISONERS AND EIGHT
HOWITZERS.

LONDON, Nov. 12.

A French communiqué states that the Serbians are driving back the Bulgarians in the Cerna loop and continue their victorious advance. The whole of the Cukli range is now in their possession, likewise the village of Poloti was captured by a brilliant assault. All Bulgarian counter-attacks were repulsed with heavy loss.

The Serbians also progressed further west and north of Veliselo.

LATER.

Reuter's Correspondent at the Serbian Headquarters reports that the successes at Tchuko range continue. The Bulgarians, reinforced by fresh troops counter-attacked on the 11th inst., but were thrown back and pursued.

A thousand additional prisoners and eight howitzers were captured as well as other war material.

Fifty-six enemy guns were taken last month.

SALONIKA, Nov. 12.

The Serbians on Saturday repulsed a Bulgarian counter-attack on their new positions and extended their gains, capturing the rest of the village of Polog.

PORTUGUESE FOR
EUROPEAN BATTLEFIELDS.

CONTINGENTS ABOUT TO LEAVE.

LISBON, Nov. 12.

The Premier announced in the Chamber that Portuguese contingents are about to leave to fight in the battlefields of Europe.

THE FORTS OF VERDUN.

DOUAMONT FORT PRACTICALLY
UNDAMAGED.GERMAN OFFICIAL STATEMENTS
PURE INVENTIONS.

LONDON, Nov. 12.

Reuter's Correspondent at French Headquarters has visited Fort Douaumont and he says the Germans abandoned it hurriedly on September 23rd, owing to a big explosion in the magazine. Undoubtedly they meant to return but the French forestalled them.

The official German statements about the evacuation and damage are total inventions. Except for a big hole in the roof made by French heavy shells the fort is unaltered. Every apartment is utilisable and the electric light is in good order. German signs and directions were still on the walls and there were considerable stores of German bully-beef and biscuits.

The French Commandant's table was littered with German stationary and books.

Two Seventy-fives and a heavy gun left by the French when they evacuated the fort remain. Sixty Germans who were gassed by an explosion months ago are still inured in the inner wall like faithful mice.

THE RESISTING POWER OF
THE FORTS.

The Correspondent says the Verdon forts prove that the resisting power of modern fortifications is greater than is supposed. Antwerp is no criterion. German 16-inch guns never pierced the massive roofs of Douaumont or Vaux, notwithstanding that the bombardment was tenfold heavier than at Antwerp. The French also furiously bombarded the forts with their shells and only pierced the armour of each once.

The Verdon forts have justified the builders and strategists.

THE FRENCH POSITION.

The French position at Verdun is described by Reuter's Correspondent at the French Headquarters.

They now hold the trench line facing Douaumont. The enemy at the nearest point is extremely uncomfortable, 400 yards distant. The French also are well in front of Vaux where the Germans are in a line of shell-holes below the fort. Owing to the weakness of the ground they cannot dig trenches and are compelled to occupy the field line in ground where a man sinks waist deep in mud unless he keeps to the ridges. The French are much better off for the winter, being practically unexposed to German fire. At present the French artillery work is such that next Spring, when the ground hardens, attacks here will be exceedingly simplified.

GERMAN COMMENT ON MR.
ASQUITH'S SPEECH.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 12.

The *Lokaleinzeiger* commenting on Mr. Asquith's Guildhall speech declares that the Germans are fully occupied with their own affairs and can hardly be expected to act as the saviour of the Armenians, and others suffering from the misfortunes of war.

It adds: "Nobody has the slightest inclination for a separate peace with Great Britain, but if the other enemy States sound Germany we perhaps would try to build them a bridge."

GERMAN THREAT TO NORWAY.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 12.

The *Lokaleinzeiger*, though it admits it is not aware of the Norwegian Government's decision regarding belligerent submarines in Norwegian waters, says if Norway adheres to the regulations recently published, Germany would ignore them because they are illegal. If nevertheless Norway insists there can be no question of a continuance of diplomatic relations.

THE WESTERN FRONT.

FRENCH PROGRESS.

LONDON, Nov. 12.

A French communiqué states: North of the Somme some progress was made last night north of Sully, Sailliesel and also in the eastern portions of the village.

The enemy violently bombarded the whole district south of the Somme.

An enemy attack south-east of Hemy following upon a lively bombardment was mostly broken by our fire. Enemy fractions which entered some of our advanced trenches were immediately ejected by a counter-attack.

We maintained both positions.

We took by a successful coup de main an enemy trench opposite Armanecourt. Lieut. Hazeux brought down his twelfth aeroplane and Lieut. Deulin his ninth.

BRITISH GAS ATTACKS.

LONDON, Nov. 12.

Sir Douglas Haig reports that last night gas was successfully released against the enemy southward of Ypres. Enemy artillery has been active in the Les Boeufs and Eaucourt-Labbaye regions.

We twice discharged gas north of the Ancre.

THE RUSSIAN FIGHTING.

LONDON, Nov. 12.

A Russian communiqué states:

After a day-long bombardment in the Lipitzandolnia Sosdolniki region the enemy attacked with large forces. The battle raged till evening when they recaptured a section of our half-destroyed trenches.

Enemy attacks continue south of Domavatin with no success.

South of Almashtovo we carried two commanding heights and took 200 prisoners.

Our southward advance on the Danube front continues.

THE SINKING OF THE
"ARABIA."

SURVIVORS' STORIES.

MALTA, Nov. 12.

The *Arabia's* survivors confirm that there was not the slightest panic when the vessel was to be peddled. Everything went off in most perfect order. The women and children were placed in the boats first. Several officers remained aboard to the last moment. The submarine was not seen but the wake of a torpedo was discernible and the periscope of a submarine was seen 800 yards away, after the ship had been struck.

The *Arabia* was hit in the bunkers near the engine-room. Coal blocked up the vent and stemmed the inrush of water, undoubtedly enabling the ship to remain so long afloat.

Some of the passengers assert that the torpedo was discharged only fifty yards away. The crash was so terrific that the vessel was swirled round by the force of the impact. The noise of falling glass and pieces of the wood was deafening. Many passengers in the saloons were thrown down.

The periscope of a submarine was distinctly seen circling round the vessel but the submarine never came up to the surface.

When the first assistance arrived the *Arabia* was still floating though listing heavily. The first arrival was a trawler, which as the submarine was still in the neighbourhood strained continually round the *Arabia* till she sank and the submarine disappeared.

A music-hall artist returning from India told the expedition destroyed the boat assigned to his company. He assisted Lady Tata and other ladies into other boats. He was among the last to leave the ship.

When 200 yards away he saw the periscope of a submarine moving towards the *Arabia*, evidently with the intention of boarding and securing the ship's papers, but rescuing vessels, closing in at full speed apparently frustrated their design.

The majority of the passengers are convinced that the gravest disaster was averted by the promptitude of the European crew in closing the watertight doors.

The *Arabia* tilted down gradually till the boilers burst with a huge crash, then she plunged almost perpendicularly.

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

AERIAL OPERATIONS ON
WESTERN FRONT.

LARGE SQUADRONS ENGAGED.

LONDON, Nov. 12.

General Sir Douglas Haig, in a communiqué, says: Yesterday our aircraft successfully bombed enemy butments, aerodromes, headquarters, stations, and trains. Two trains were hit and a third set on fire. A number of explosions followed. Three enemy machines were destroyed in the course of numerous air fights and a fourth was forced down in our lines, and many others were driven down damaged. One of our machines is missing.

BATTLE BETWEEN 30 BRITISH
AND 38 GERMAN MACHINES.

PARIS, Nov. 12.

The great air battle at Rapaume mentioned in a previous communiqué was watched by thousands of spectators. Buffed in their attempts to cross the British lines the Germans decided on a colossal expedition, warning of which was given by our scouting aircraft. Accordingly three British squadrons, each of ten machines, attacked the Germans before they could cross our lines. The enemy's force consisted of at least 38 "Fokkers" and "Rumpers."

The scene was most exciting as the machine-guns crackled and the deeper note of revolver guns. The issue was long in the balance. The first machine put out of action was a Fokker, which whirled giddily for a moment, burst into flames and crashed to earth. Then a British biplane got badly hit, next to two German machines, followed by many others, the precise number of which has not been ascertained.

The British were superior throughout and routed and pursued the enemy, whose losses were heavy. It is unlikely that the Germans will repeat the experiment.

SUCCESSFUL AIR RAIDS.

PARIS, Nov. 12.

A communiqué says: In the Ablancourt and Gomécourt districts seventeen British aeroplanes on Friday dropped two tons of projectiles on steel works at Focklingen, north-west of Sarbruck, and felled three enemy machines in flight during the raid.

The following night eight French aeroplanes dropped 2½ tons of projectiles on the same works, and several fires were observed. All the machines returned safely. On Friday night French squadrons dropped projectiles on stations at Hum, St. Quentin, Fergnier and Noie, an aerodrome at Dieuze, blast furnaces at Rombach and Hagondange, and airships at Frezenoy, causing explosions and fires.

GERMANS BOMB AMIENS.

German aeroplanes on Friday night bombarded several French towns, including Nancy and Huneville, doing no damage. The open town of Amiens was bombarded the same night, and 9 civilians were killed and 27 injured.

FRENCH RECAPTURE SAILLESIEL.

PARIS, Nov. 12.

A communiqué says: The French in the afternoon, north of the Somme, recaptured most of the village of Saillesiel and occupy the north-eastern and south-eastern outskirts. The enemy is still resisting desperately. Up till now 100 prisoners have been counted.

A GERMAN COMMUNIQUE.

LONDON, Nov. 11.

A German communiqué says: The British succeeded in penetrating our first line of trenches north-east of Courcellette.

The house-to-house fighting near the church at Sailly-Sailliesel, which the French small advantages. Otherwise the attack failed.

Ten enemy aeroplanes were brought down yesterday.

Russian counter-attacks at Skrobowo failed. The Germans penetrated the Russian main positions at Narjowka, south-west of Jolkowanskoie, several of which were fortified.

The Rumanian lines were stormed between Preled and Slania and 200 prisoners taken.

FIERCE FIGHTING CONTINUES ON
RUMANIAN FRONT.

LONDON, Nov. 11.

A Rumanian communiqué says: Enemy attacks in Slania Valley at Moldavia were repulsed.

The enemy in Prabhova Valley, after a furious bombardment, attacked several times and was repulsed in the most sanguinary manner. The Rumanians maintained the positions.

The Rumanians captured a trench at Dragoblaye. Fierce fighting continues on the left bank of the Alt. The Rumanians advanced northwards and captured a mountain.

The enemy attack on the right of the Alt has been stopped.

An attempt by the enemy to find the mouth of the Alt was repulsed.

A FAVOURITE RUB DOWN.

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THE ITALIAN FRONT
STRAIGHTENED.

SNOW AND TORRENTIAL RAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 11.

An Italian official report states: Snowfalls and torrential rains have been hindering our artillery. We have straightened our front between Montefait and Castagnavizza, advancing nine hundred yards and capturing two six-inch guns and an abundant store of ammunition.

30,000 BELGIANS TRANSPORTED
TO GERMANY.

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 12.

The *Triumph* states that 30,000 Belgians have been transported from Antwerp to Germany, also all males in Waterloo. They are to receive 13 marks weekly and military rations.

Several riots have occurred at Antwerp. Citizens between 17 and 30 years of age were notified to prepare to depart. Many fled and were killed on the frontier by electric wires. The Germans fired on one group of Belgians after they had passed the wires.

SERBIANS CARRY STRONG
POSITIONS.

CAPTURE 600 PRISONERS.

LONDON, Nov. 11.

A Serbian official report states that the Serbians yesterday carried out brilliant operations at Cernice carrying strong positions and capturing 600 prisoners and a number of guns.

BRITISH NAVAL GUNS SHELL
ENEMY BIVOUACS.

SALONIKA, Nov. 11.

A British report states that naval guns successfully shelled enemy bivouacs at Provista.

PANDEMONIUM AT A PEACE
CONFERENCE.FORCIBLE PROTEST AGAINST
PEACE EFFORTS.

LONDON, Nov. 11.

A great procession wrecked a Pacific Conference at Cardiff.

Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, M.P., and other speakers escaped by a door.

Mr. Tupper and Mr. Stanton, Labour M.P.'s, headed the anti-peace demonstrators at Cardiff. The latter attacked the doors of the meeting, which was presided over by Mr. Winston, president of the South Wales Miners' Federation.

Despite resistance by the police, the demonstrators, numbering 10,000, forced an entrance. Mr. Ramsay MacDonald, M.P., disappeared but Mr. Winston and Mr. Thomas, M.P., remained. They attempted to argue with the invaders, but their voices were drowned in patriotic singing. Mr. Thomas was dragged from a table and ejected.

The demonstrators held a meeting and passed a resolution in favour of a vigorous prosecution of the war.

AUSTRIAN EMPEROR ILL.

LONDON, Nov. 12.

The Austrian Emperor is suffering from catarrh.

AUSTRALIAN AFFAIRS.

A GENERAL MORATORIUM.

MELBOURNE, Nov. 12.

The Commonwealth has issued regulations providing for a general moratorium.

HOLMAN MINISTRY NO LONGER
RECOGNISED.

SYDNEY, Nov. 12.

The Governor has intimated that he no longer recognises the Holman Ministry, as Senator Wade has assumed control of the Assembly's business.

PRICE OF "TIMES" INCREASED.

LONDON, Nov. 12.

The price of the *Times* is to be increased to three-halfpence on the 20th inst.

Other leading daily newspapers will probably follow suit.

WOMEN CARPENTERS FOR
FRANCE.

LONDON, Nov. 12.

It was mentioned at Chatham Military Tribunal yesterday that between 200 and 300 women carpenters in that district are going to France immediately.

THE MARRIAGE LAW.

LONDON, Nov. 11.

The Lord Chief Justice, in giving judgment in the case of Dr. Miranward Din, mentioned on September 25th, that under Mohammedan law could not dissolve a marriage contracted in England and the marriage was therefore a lawful impediment to a second marriage.

Mr. Justice Darling said the adoption of Dr. Miranward Din's contention would open the way to polygamy.

Mr. Justice Bay concurred.

Dr. Miranward Din intimated that he would appeal.

The women in the case were both English women. Dr. Miranward Din, married in England, and subsequently dissolved a marriage contracted in England and the marriage was therefore a lawful impediment to a second marriage.

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